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Web: www.firstclass.com

Want to know more?

You'll find detailed information about using FirstClass in our online help. To open help:

- choose Help > Contents to get information on how to use FirstClass
- press F1 when you have a form open to get information about that form
- click Help on the toolbar to see an introduction to the container (a conference, folder, calendar, or any other FirstClass object that contains items) you have open.

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This version of the help applies to FirstClass Version 9.1 and all subsequent versions and modifications until otherwise indicated.

What is FirstClass?



About FirstClass

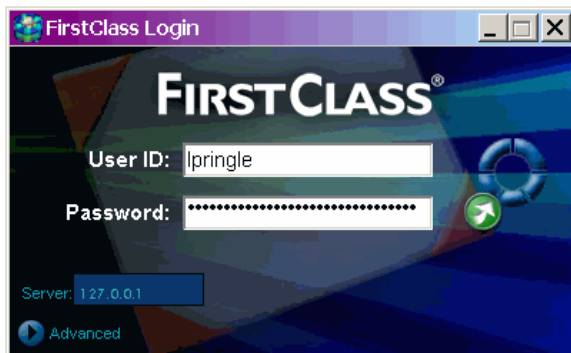
FirstClass is a collection of applications that let you organize your work and collaborate with others.

The FirstClass system consists of two parts: a server that stores your work and a client that connects you to the server. You install the client on your own computer.

Connecting to your FirstClass server

This procedure applies to registered users. If you are a guest user, just update "Address" as described here and select "Guest".

- 1 Double-click the FirstClass icon.
- 2 Update the FirstClass Login form.



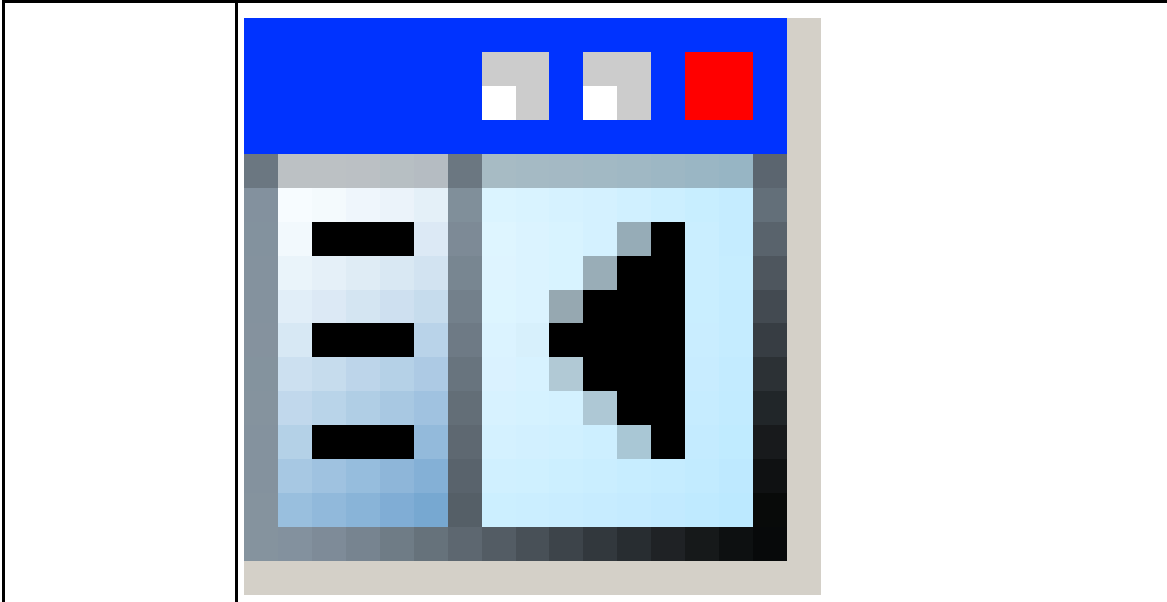
-
- | | |
|----------|--|
| User ID | Your user ID on this server. |
| Password | Your password on this server. |
| Server | Displays the name of the server to which you are going to connect.
If you want to connect to a different server, click the disclosure triangle at "Advanced", then choose the settings file for the server you want at "Address". |

- 3 Click the green Login button to open your FirstClass Desktop.

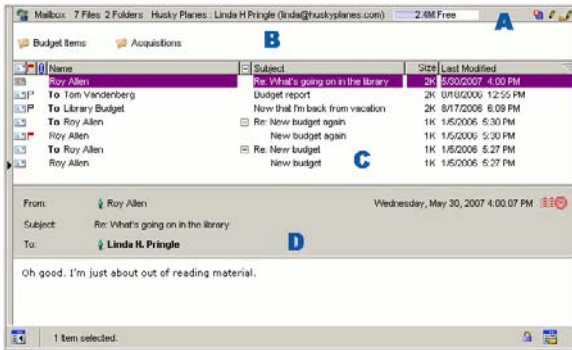
FirstClass window components



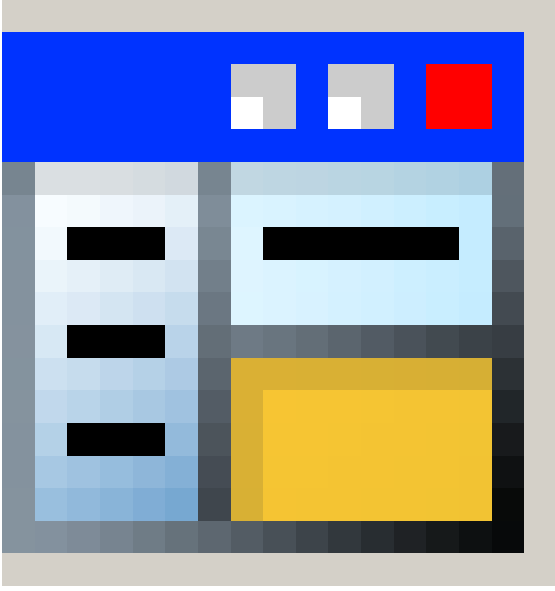
Component	Additional information
<p>A menu bar</p>	<p>Lets you choose commands. We document menu commands like this: File > Delete which means choose Delete at the File menu.</p>
<p>B toolbar</p>	<p>Each window has its own toolbar. Clicking a toolbar button is the same as choosing the action from the menu. You can customize each toolbar as described in our online help.</p>
<p>C main pane</p>	<p>A pane is a section of a window (or web page), divided from other panes by split bars. Panes contain different types of objects. For example, a window may have containers in the upper pane and messages and documents in the lower pane. For messages and documents, the upper pane is the envelope. The main pane displays the contents of an open container or an open object such as a message. This pane can take up all the space below the toolbar, or it can be shown to the right of the navigation pane.</p>
<p>D navigation pane</p>	<p>Displays a hierarchical (tree) view of FirstClass objects on top, and, when you are at your Desktop, a navigation bar on the bottom with buttons that you can click to launch FirstClass applications. To show or hide the navigation pane, click this button at the bottom left of the window:</p>



The main pane



Component	Additional information
<p>A summary bar</p>	<p>This bar shows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the container name • a summary of container contents • the server, your user name, and, when viewing your Mailbox, your primary mail address • how much free space you have left on the server • whether other users have the container open • the permissions you have in this container. <p>Permissions comprise a set of values that determine the default behavior of a container such as a conference. Permissions also give users access to the container, and control what they can do within the container.</p>
<p>B</p>	<p>The main pane is often split into two panes. The upper pane is</p>

upper pane	normally shown in icon view.
C lower pane	The lower pane is normally shown in list view, which presents information about each object in columnar format. You can change the sorting and grouping of these objects as described in our online help.
D reading pane	Displays the contents of a selected object. The reading pane can be displayed below or to the right of the objects in the main pane. To toggle the reading pane on and through these positions, click this button at the bottom right of the window: 

Your FirstClass Desktop

Once you are connected to your server, your Desktop opens. Your Desktop gives you access to the FirstClass applications.

Your administrator may have added other objects to your Desktop, such as conferences, and customized the general Desktop appearance.

To open objects on the Desktop, double-click them. To select objects, click them.

About the FirstClass applications

The FirstClass applications are:

- mail Private email. You, and all FirstClass users, have a personal Mailbox.
- calendars Online scheduling of events (a time commitment, such as a meeting) and tasks (something that you need to do, such as

	submitting a report). You have a personal calendar, and you may also have access to public calendars.
contact management	Information about your personal contacts. You have a personal Contacts folder, and you may also have access to public contact databases.
conferencing	Online forums primarily intended for discussions on related topics.
instant messaging	Real-time, online chats with others who are also online.
workspaces	Online forums designed for workgroup collaboration.
documents	Useful for recording information that you want to keep on a long-term basis.
web publishing	A tool for building your own web site.
file storage	A place to store uploaded files (files copied to the server) of various media, such as pictures and sounds.
bookmarks	Links to FirstClass objects and web pages.

_The mail application



Creating a message

- 1 Choose Message > New Message to use the standard message form.
To use another message form, choose Message > New Message Special, then the appropriate form. If you decide you want to use another form, choose File > Delete with the first form still open.
- 2 Fill in the message envelope.
The envelope is the upper pane, which contains addressing information and details about when the message was sent.

From:	Linda H. Pringle
Subject:	Budget report
To:	Tom Vandenberg
CC:	Amanda Clark Michael Hill
Bcc:	Amanda Ho

Tips for addressing messages:

- All users and conferences known to the server (including names you added as personal addresses and mail lists) are stored in the Directory (a storage area on the server that contains addresses for user accounts, conferences, public calendars, and other objects known to the server). To address a message to any user or conference in the Directory, you can type a partial name. A list of all names that match opens. Double-click the name you want.
- If you are in a conference, your new message is automatically addressed to that conference.

- You can drag names from other messages or documents to the appropriate field in your message envelope.
 - You can create a preaddressed message by choosing Create Mail To from the context menu at an occurrence of a name in locations such as the Directory, the Who's Online list, and a message.
- The context menu contains commands applicable to what you are doing. A context menu is opened by right-clicking (Windows, Linux) or Control-clicking (Mac) the object you are working with.

- 3 Type the message body in the lower pane of the message form.
You can copy material from other sources, format it, and edit it as described in our online help.
- 4 Attach a file to the message by choosing File > Attach, if desired.



Shortcut

Drag a file to the message envelope. You can also use this method to attach FirstClass objects, such as documents, or files attached to other messages.

- 5 Send the message by choosing Message > Send.

Replying to a message

Messages work the same way whether you are in your Mailbox or a conference. An unread message has a red flag beside it. To read a message, double-click it.

To reply to a message:

- 1 Select or open the message.
- 2 Select any text that you want to quote in your reply.
If you want to quote the entire message in your reply, choose Message > Reply Special > Reply with Quote. If you choose this, you can't choose any of the directed reply options below. You can only send the reply to your default recipients, or update the envelope manually.
- 3 Create a reply in one of the following ways:

To	Do this
----	---------

create a reply addressed to your default recipients as specified in your preferences For information on setting your reply preferences, see our online help.	Choose Message > Reply.						
create a reply addressed to recipients other than your default recipients	Choose Message > Reply Special, then one of the following: <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Reply All</td> <td>Creates a reply addressed to the sender and the other original recipients. The sender's name is placed in the "To" field. The original recipients are placed in the "Cc" field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reply Sender</td> <td>Creates a reply addressed to just the sender.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reply to Conference</td> <td>Creates a reply addressed to just the conference that contains the message.</td> </tr> </table>	Reply All	Creates a reply addressed to the sender and the other original recipients. The sender's name is placed in the "To" field. The original recipients are placed in the "Cc" field.	Reply Sender	Creates a reply addressed to just the sender.	Reply to Conference	Creates a reply addressed to just the conference that contains the message.
Reply All	Creates a reply addressed to the sender and the other original recipients. The sender's name is placed in the "To" field. The original recipients are placed in the "Cc" field.						
Reply Sender	Creates a reply addressed to just the sender.						
Reply to Conference	Creates a reply addressed to just the conference that contains the message.						
	Reply Original Author Creates a reply addressed to just the original sender of a forwarded message.						

- 4 Type your reply in the body of the reply message.
- 5 Send the message.

Forwarding a message

To forward a message to someone else:

- 1 Select or open the message.
- 2 Create a copy of the message (including any attachments) by choosing Message > Forward.
- 3 Address the message.
- 4 Make any changes you want to the message body.
- 5 Send the message.

Downloading an attached file

- 1 Select the attachment in the message envelope.
- 2 Choose File > Save Attachment.
- 3 Select the location on your computer where you want the file to be saved.



Shortcut

Drag the attached file to the desired location.

To preview an attached file before you download it, double-click it.

Checking whether a message has been read

To see the history of a sent message, including who has read it, choose Message > History with the message selected or open.

What	When	Who
Created	5/18/2004 5:04 PM	Amanda Clark
Sent	5/18/2004 5:04 PM	Amanda Clark
Read	5/18/2004 5:04 PM	Linda H. Pringle
Reply	5/18/2004 5:04 PM	Linda H. Pringle

The



calendars application

Working with calendars

You can use a personal calendar (which can record both events, such as meetings, and tasks, such as submitting a report), and look at other users' calendars and public calendars.

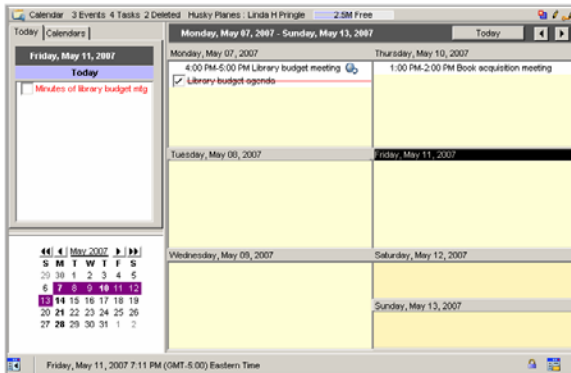
To open your personal calendar, choose File > Open > Calendar.

To open another user's calendar, open the context menu from the user in the Directory, Who's Online list, "To", "Cc", or "Bcc" fields of a message, or the "Participants" field on an Instant Message form, then choose Open User Calendar.

Overdue tasks are shown in red. Completed tasks have a red line drawn through them.

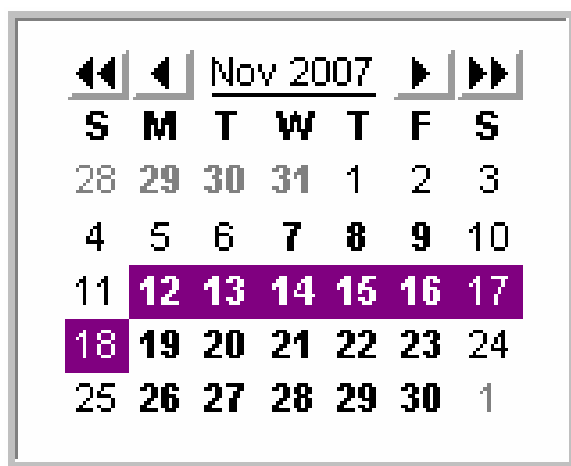
Viewing calendars

You can view a calendar in the same ways as your Mailbox, a conference, or a folder. In addition, there are special calendar views, as in the following example:



To view the active pane of a calendar by month, week, work week, or day, click the appropriate toolbar button. Day view shows the most detail, in time slots. Tasks and untimed events are displayed at the top of this view.

Show Today List shows a list of all events that take place today, and tasks that start today or are ongoing. It also includes a mini month pane:



If you have a split view, you can select dates on the mini month pane to display those dates in the other pane. Click the buttons in the mini month pane to change months or years.

To	Do this
scroll from one month, week, or day to the next (or previous)	Click the browse buttons at the top right of the calendar.
go to the current month or week	Click Today.
view details of an event or task	Double-click it. You can also see partial details for an event or task by hovering your cursor over it.

Creating an event

- 1 Choose File > New > New Event.



Shortcuts

To create an event that starts on a particular day, double-click either the blank space under the day you want or the date itself. You can also open the context menu from the day, then choose New Event.

You can also add an event by clicking the date and typing the event name right in the calendar, then pressing Enter/Return. To change the default start and end times, hover the cursor over them and drag when the cursor looks like a clock. To color the event, choose Color from the context menu. If you need to add any other details, open the event.

In day and work week views, click the start time you want and type the event name, or click the start time and Control-drag (Windows, Linux) or Option-drag (Mac) to the end time. Double-click to open the event.

- 2 Update the basic event information on the Event tab of the Event form.

You are invited to the following event by: **Linda H. Pringle**

Description:

Location:

Category: Color:

Starts at: Duration:

Ends at: All day event

Show as:

My reminders

None

Time before event:

- 3 Update the other tabs on this form as required.

To invite participants, book resources, and check for conflicts, use the Participants tab. To make the event show up repeatedly on the calendar, use the Advanced tab.

- 4 Attach files or add content to the body just as you would for a message, if desired.

5 Click Save and Close.

The event is added to your calendar and the calendars of all participants and booked resources.

You can open an event to change its details. You can also drag an event to a new start date on the calendar, or from one calendar to another.

Creating a task

1 Choose File > New > New Task.



Shortcuts

To create a task that starts today, double-click within the blank space in the Today list. To create a task that starts on any other particular day, open the context menu from that day, then choose New Task.

You can also add a task that starts today by clicking the Today list and typing the task name right in the Today list. To color the task, choose Color from the context menu. If you need to add any other details, open the task.

2 Update the basic task information on the Task tab of the Task form.

Created by:	Linda H. Pringle
Description:	Library budget agenda
Starts at:	Thursday, August 17, 2006 9:00 AM
Due at:	Friday, August 18, 2006 9:00 AM
Priority:	Normal
Category:	
Reminders	
<input type="radio"/> None	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Time before start and end: 5 Minutes	
State	
Completed on: Fri, Aug 18, 2006	

3 Update the Advanced tab, if you want to color the task or supply additional information.

- 4 Attach files or add content to the body just as you would for a message, if desired.

You can open a task to change its details. To change the task status, choose the appropriate status at "State". You can also drag an unopened task to a new start date on the calendar or from one calendar to another, or change its status to Completed by clicking the task checkbox.

Combining several calendars into one view

You can view items from several calendars combined. For example, you can see items from a group calendar in addition to the items in your personal calendar.

To combine several calendars into one view:

- 1 Open one of the calendars.
- 2 Click the Calendars tab in the Today list pane.
This tab lists all calendars available for combining.
- 3 Select the checkboxes for the calendars you want to add to the view.

You can color code calendars so that all items from one calendar display in the color assigned to that calendar. To do this, choose Color from the calendar's context menu on the Calendars tab. To preserve any color coding that was applied to items in their original calendars, choose Transparent from the context menu.

You can also add a calendar to the list of calendars. For example, to add a calendar called Subcalendar to your personal calendar, Shift-drag Subcalendar to your personal calendar.

The contact management application



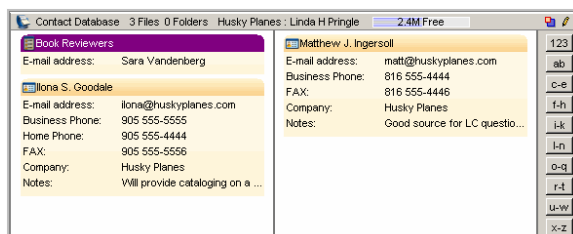
Contacts

Saving addresses for future use

You can add addresses and other personal information for your friends and business contacts to your Contacts folder. You can also create mail lists there, if you routinely send messages to the same group of people, and they don't all have access to a FirstClass conference that is shared by the group.

These contacts will only appear in your view of the Directory.

Your Contacts folder looks something like this:



You can also create public contact databases that let you share contact information with other users. For more information, see our online help.

Adding a contact

- 1 Choose File > New > New Contact.

If you want to add the contact to a public contact database, open the contact database before you choose this command.

You can also add an address in a message to your Contacts folder by selecting it, then choosing Collaborate > Add to Contacts Folder.

- 2 Update the New Personal Address form (your form may look different).

First name:	Middle name:	Last name:	Title:
Ilona	S.	Goodale	Ms.
Job title:	Company:	Department:	Office:
Library Technician	Husky Planes	Library	

Bus. phone 1:	905 555-5555	Prsnl. phone 1:	905 555-4444
Bus. phone 2:		Prsnl. phone 2:	
Pager:		Mobile phone:	
Bus. fax:	905 555-5556	Prsnl. fax:	
Manager:	Linda Pringle	Assistant:	
Phone:	905 555-5554	Phone:	

Creating a mail list

- 1 Choose File > New > New Mail List.

If you want to add the mail list to a public contact database, open the contact database before you choose this command.

- 2 Update the New Personal Mail List form.

Name:	Book Reviewers	Cancel
Members:	Sara Vandenberg Roy Summerville Amanda Ho	OK



The conferencing application

About conferences

FirstClass conferences are places for you and the others in your organization to exchange information about related topics. You can send messages to conferences just as you do to other users.

When a conference contains mail that you haven't read, it is flagged, just like your Mailbox. You can open the conference and read the messages posted there by others.

The advantage of conferences over private mail is that all messages concerning the same topic are stored in the same place. And you don't have to address a private message to multiple users or to a mail list that you have to keep up to date. You can simply address it to the conference.

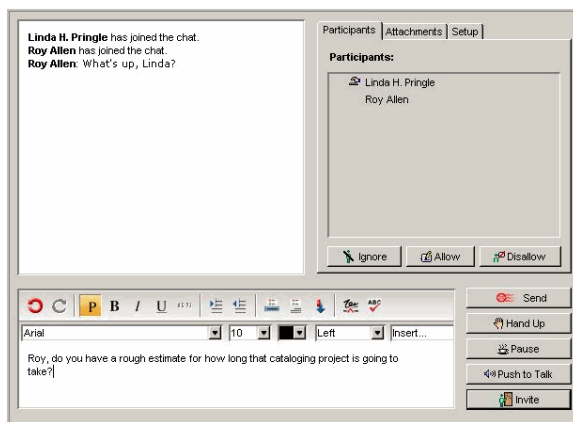
Conferences can be created by your administrator, by yourself, or by other users. Your administrator determines which conferences are open to everyone in your organization, and you will see these conferences by clicking the Conferences application button in the navigation bar. **The instant messaging application**



Responding to an instant message invitation

If you are invited to an instant messaging session, you will see an invitation showing the name of the user who invited you.

To	Do this
decline the invitation	Click Decline.
decline without notifying the sender	Click Ignore.
join	Click Accept. The Instant Message form opens and your name is added to the "Participants" list.



Contributing to an instant message

To contribute to an instant message, type your input in the body of the Instant Message form. You can format your input and embed files just as you can in any content. To add your input to the transcript, click Send or press Enter/Return.

You can also:

embed a recording

Click Push to Talk.

Don't release this button until you are finished recording.

attach files to the instant message	Use the Attachments tab.
invite others to join	Click Invite.
tell people you are temporarily unavailable	Click Pause.
name an instant message that you started, moderate it, or save the transcript	Use the Setup tab.

Joining a public chat room

A public chat room appears as an icon inside a container. When a public chat room has active participants, a red balloon appears beside the icon:



To join the chat room, double-click it.

Starting a private instant message

- 1 Choose Collaborate > Instant Message.



Shortcut

Open the context menu from any occurrence of the name you want to invite, then choose Instant Message. If you use this method, skip steps 2 and 3.

- 2 Click Invite to invite users.
- 3 Select the users you want to invite.
- 4 Contribute to the instant message as you would to any other instant message.

The workspaces application



About workspaces

A workspace is a shared area where users in a workgroup have access to FirstClass applications and resources that are of use to the group.

As an example, a workspace designed for online meetings may contain:

- a conference for discussions
- a group calendar for scheduling meetings
- a contact database for storing information about contacts who are important to the group
- a documents container for storing permanent records
- a file storage container for storing uploaded files.

Workspaces can be created by your administrator, by yourself, or by other users.

Creating workspaces

- 1 Open Workspaces.
- 2 Click New Workspace.
- 3 Select the template you want your workspace to use.

A template is a starting point when you are creating an object such as a document or conference. Templates can provide default backgrounds, layouts, formatting, placeholder text, and so on.

Pick the template that is closest to what you want. You can change any defaults that don't suit you, or start over by deleting the object and picking a different template.

4 Name your workspace.

You can now open your new workspace and customize it for your purposes. This may involve:

- deleting default applications that your group won't need
- adding applications
Click Add Application.
- customizing the look of your workspace
- sharing your workspace with other members of the group.
Click Workspace Members.

The documents application



About documents

Unlike messages, documents don't expire by default, and can be updated after they are created. This makes them useful for posting information that you want to keep for a long time.

But you can do the same things with documents that you do with messages: add background pictures, format content, check whether they have been read, and save them to your computer.

Your Documents folder provides an optimized environment for creating and storing documents for your own use.

Creating documents

- 1 Choose File > New > New Document.
- 2 Select the template you want your document to use.
- 3 Add and format the document content.
- 4 Click Save and Close when you are done.

The web publishing application



Creating a web site

Your Web Publishing folder stores material that you want to publish on the web. This material can be:

- basic web pages, which are like documents
- blogs (online diaries)
- podcasts (collections of audio or video tracks)
- web versions of calendars
- lists of uploaded files, such as PDFs or photos
- lists of useful links.

Your web site contents are listed in the tree view in your Web Publishing folder. The order in which they are listed is the order in which they will appear in your web site's navigation bar. You can further structure your web site by organizing your material into web folders.

The first object in the tree that isn't a folder or a link is automatically your home page (the first page people see when they go to your site).

You can change the overall appearance of your web site by clicking Appearance and choosing a new template. You can also change the appearance of individual objects. To see what your web site looks like as you develop it, click View in Browser.

Creating content for your web site

- 1 Open Web Publishing.
- 2 Click New Web Page.
- 3 Select the template for the type of object you want to create.
- 4 Update the object's content.

If you are creating a blog, you first create the blog, then create dated entries for your blog by clicking New Blog Entry.

If you are creating a podcast, you first create the podcast, then add tracks to your podcast by clicking New Episode.

To provide a list of uploaded files, create a listing folder, then upload the files to it.

To provide a list of links, create the links in your Bookmarks folder, then create a web folder in Web Publishing. Copy or move the links to your web folder.

The file storage application



Files stored in containers

To copy a file to a container on the server, you upload it. To copy a file from the server to your computer, you download it. Uploaded and downloaded files retain their file types.

You can also import and export FirstClass objects, such as documents and messages. These objects are converted to RTF, TXT, and XML formats when exported, and are restored to their original object types if they are imported back into FirstClass.

The File Storage folder on your Desktop is designed for storing uploaded files of various media types. In list view, the file type is displayed. For pictures, you can display a thumbnail. There are also buttons on the toolbar for all the tasks you commonly do with files, such as uploading and downloading them, previewing them, sending them to other users, and organizing them into subfolders.

Copying files to containers

To upload a file to a container:

- 1 Open the container.
- 2 Choose File > Upload.
- 3 Select the file you want to upload.

Copying files to your computer

To download a file to your computer:

- 1 Select the file.
- 2 Choose File > Download.
- 3 Select the location on your computer where you want the file copied.

The bookmarks application



About bookmarks

Bookmarks are links that provide quick access to FirstClass objects and web pages. You double-click them to open the objects to which they link (the targets).

Your Bookmarks folder contains all links that you have created as bookmarks or moved to this folder. The contents of the Bookmarks folder are also accessible from this toolbar button:



Creating bookmarks

You can create a bookmark by:

- choosing File > New > New Bookmark, then filling in the Info form
Supply the full path to the target at "URL".
- selecting the target object, then choosing Collaborate > Add to Bookmarks.
The Info form automatically shows the path at "URL".

Bookmarking a web page

To add a bookmark to your FirstClass Bookmarks folder when you are on a web page:

- 1 Add the Add to FirstClass Bookmarks button to your browser.
If you didn't add this button the first time you opened your Bookmarks folder, click Add Browser Buttons in that folder.
- 2 Click Add to FirstClass Bookmarks when you are on the web page.

Importing your browser's bookmarks

To import the bookmarks you have created in your web browser:

- 1 Export those bookmarks from your web browser to a file.
- 2 Open your Bookmarks folder in FirstClass.
- 3 Click Import Bookmarks and select the file.



Keyboard shortcuts

Shortcut	Windows	Mac	Linux
Approve	Ctrl `	Cmd `	Ctrl `
Attach	Ctrl T	Cmd T	Ctrl T
Black		Option Cmd K	
Blue		Option Cmd B	
Bold	Ctrl Shift B	Shift Cmd B	Ctrl Shift B
Brown		Option Cmd W	
Check Spelling	Ctrl Shift L	Shift Cmd L	Ctrl Shift L
Close	Ctrl W	Cmd W	Ctrl W
Collapse and deselect (thread)	Shift-left arrow	Shift-left arrow	Shift-left arrow
Collapse (thread)	left arrow or spacebar	left arrow or spacebar	left arrow or spacebar
Collapse (tree view)	left arrow	left arrow	left arrow
Connect	Ctrl K	Cmd K	Ctrl K
Copy	Ctrl C	Cmd C	Ctrl C
Cut	Ctrl X	Cmd X	Ctrl X
Delete	Ctrl D	Cmd D	Ctrl D
Delete the next word	Ctrl Delete	Option Forward	Ctrl Delete

		Del	
Delete the previous word	Ctrl Backspace	Option Delete	Ctrl Backspace
Deselect last (icon view)	Shift-left arrow	Shift-left arrow	Shift-left arrow
Directory	Ctrl L	Cmd L	Ctrl L
Disconnect	Ctrl K	Cmd K	Ctrl K
Exit	Alt Shift F4		
Expand and select (thread)	Shift-right arrow	Shift-right arrow	Shift-right arrow
Expand (thread)	right arrow or spacebar	right arrow or spacebar	right arrow or spacebar
Expand (tree view)	right arrow	right arrow	right arrow
Filter view cycling	Insert		
Find	Ctrl F	Cmd F	Ctrl F
Find Next	F3 or Ctrl G	Cmd G	Ctrl G
Find Previous	Shift F3	Shift Cmd G	
Format Paragraphs	Ctrl Shift M	Shift Cmd M	Ctrl Shift M
Format <i>selection</i>	Ctrl M	Cmd M	Ctrl M
Forward	Ctrl Shift =	Shift Cmd =	Ctrl Shift =
Get Info		Cmd I	
Gray		Option Cmd E	
Green		Option Cmd G	
Help	F1		
Help Contents	Shift F1		
Hide Bcc	Ctrl B	Cmd B	Ctrl B
Hide client		Cmd H	
History	Ctrl H	Shift Cmd H	Ctrl H
Insert File	Ctrl Shift T	Shift Cmd T	Ctrl Shift T
Insert Page Break	Shift Enter	Shift Return	Shift Enter
Insert Signature	Ctrl Shift S	Shift Cmd S	Ctrl Shift S
Italic	Ctrl Shift I	Shift Cmd I	Ctrl Shift I

Larger	Ctrl]	Cmd]	Ctrl]
Link	Shift drag	Shift drag	Shift drag
Magenta		Option Cmd M	
Mark as Read/Unread	Ctrl -	Cmd -	Ctrl -
Move between panes	Ctrl up or down arrow	Cmd up or down arrow	Ctrl up or down arrow
New Message	Ctrl N	Cmd N	Ctrl N
Next in Thread	F2	Cmd /	Ctrl /
Next Unread	Ctrl U	Cmd U	Ctrl U
Open Bookmarks	Ctrl 3	Cmd 3	Ctrl 3
Open Calendar	Ctrl 6	Cmd 6	Ctrl 6
Open Contacts	Ctrl 2	Cmd 2	Ctrl 2
Open context menu	Shift F10		
Open Desktop	Ctrl 0	Cmd 0	Ctrl 0
Open from navigation bar in a new window	Shift-click button	Shift-click button	Shift-click button
Open Mail	Ctrl 1	Cmd 1	Ctrl 1
Open Memos	Ctrl 8	Cmd 8	Ctrl 8
Open My Shared Documents	Ctrl 9	Cmd 9	Ctrl 9
Open Résumé	Ctrl 5	Cmd 5	Ctrl 5
Open Selected	Ctrl O	Cmd O	Ctrl O
Open Voice Greetings	Ctrl 7	Cmd 7	Ctrl 7
Open Web Publishing	Ctrl 4	Cmd 4	Ctrl 4
Orange		Option Cmd O	
Paste	Ctrl V	Cmd V	Ctrl V
Paste Special	Ctrl Shift V	Option Cmd V	Ctrl Shift V
Path display	Ctrl-click title bar	Cmd-click title bar	Ctrl-click title bar
Permissions	Ctrl ;	Cmd ;	Ctrl ;

Plain	Ctrl Shift P	Shift Cmd P	Ctrl Shift P
Previous in Thread	Shift F2	Cmd Option /	Ctrl Alt /
Print	Ctrl P	Cmd P	Ctrl P
Properties	Alt Enter		Alt Enter
Quick filter search	Ctrl Shift F	Shift Cmd F	Ctrl Shift F
Quit		Cmd Q	Ctrl Q
Quoted	Ctrl Shift '	Shift Cmd '	Ctrl Shift '
Red		Option Cmd R	
Redo	Ctrl Y	Cmd Y	Ctrl Y
Replace	Ctrl Shift F	Shift Cmd F	Ctrl Shift F
Reply	Ctrl R	Cmd R	Ctrl R
Reply with Quote	Ctrl '	Cmd '	Ctrl '
Save	Ctrl S	Cmd S	Ctrl S
Scroll one screen at a time (one page at a time in presentation view)	Page Up/Page Down	Page Up/Page Down	Page Up/Page Down
Select All	Ctrl A	Cmd A	Ctrl A
Select all items with a common value	Ctrl Shift-click	Shift Cmd-click	Ctrl Shift-click
Select next (icon view)	Shift-right arrow	Shift-right arrow	Shift-right arrow
Send	Ctrl E	Cmd E	Ctrl E
Send and Close	Ctrl Shift E	Shift Cmd E	Ctrl Shift E
Show Bcc	Ctrl B	Cmd B	Ctrl B
Show Presentation	F5	Option Cmd P	Ctrl Alt P
Smaller	Ctrl [Cmd [Ctrl [
Smart Zoom	Ctrl =		
Snap to grid		Cmd drag	
Stop activities	Ctrl Break	Cmd .	Ctrl Break
Underline	Ctrl Shift U	Shift Cmd U	Ctrl Shift U
Undo	Ctrl Z	Cmd Z	Ctrl Z

Upload	Ctrl T	Cmd T	Ctrl T
Window cycling		Shift Cmd ~	
Yellow		Option Cmd Y	
Zoom In (viewer window)	Shift up arrow	Shift up arrow	Shift up arrow
Zoom Out (viewer window)	Shift down arrow	Shift down arrow	Shift down arrow
Zoom Window		Cmd =	